

Public Ledger

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.
THOMAS A. DAVIS,
EDITOR AND OWNER.
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TO ADVERTISERS.
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WE'RE FOR AMERICA-AMERICANS!
"The best way to get rid of a bad law is to enforce it."—General Grant.

CONGRESSMAN SALTERS of Texas, a life-long Democrat who has always supported the low tariff doctrines and measures of his party, evidently recognizes the growing Protection in the South. Democratic sentiment among Democrats, and especially its rapid growth in the South. In a recent statement announcing his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for Governor of Texas, published in the Dallas News of November 27th, he said:

"I am earnestly of the opinion that the people should countenance and support any reasonable and proper policy that would tend to secure the construction and operation of all kinds of industrial and manufacturing establishments within the state. Present conditions imperatively demand it.

"In the other Southern states, notably in Tennessee, Georgia, North Carolina and South Carolina, very many manufacturing enterprises have been successfully inaugurated and profitably conducted, converting the raw material into the finished product and furnishing remunerative employment to labor in many forms. The policy of my people, it occurs to me, should be to export the manufactured article rather than the raw material. Such a policy would open up and multiply the opportunities for our own citizens to find profitable employment, and would obviate the necessity of annually paying many millions of dollars to other communities for what we must have.

"However large the aggregate of our productions in point of quantity, our people cannot and will not be prosperous if labor cannot be obtained within our borders. In Georgia there were in 1880 employed in the manufacturing establishments 24,875 persons. In 1890 the number had increased to 58,385.

"The wage account ran from \$2,360, 122 in 1880 to \$15,000, 000 in 1890, and the value of the product was increased from \$36,000, 000 to over \$68, 000, 000. And notwithstanding the severe and continued financial depression since then, an extraordinary number of establishments in the wage account, and in the value of products has steadily gone on. In South Carolina during the last six months the number of spindles has increased from 300,000 to 1,200,000, while mills on the East have been compelled to shut down on account of the depression in such products. In North Carolina there are 206 cotton mills, operating 1,016,247 spindles, 24,621 looms and 1,410,000 machines. They employ about 35,000 hands and consume practically the entire cotton crop of that state.

"I have gathered these facts from official sources, borrowing the language used. When it is recalled that these are the results of the struggle between the contending forces in the late war, and that they emerged from that great conflict in an exhausted and desolated condition, their progress has been indeed wonderful. Texas is greatly superior to any of the states named in extent of area, in fertility of soil, in variety of resources, and in situation, yet she lags behind them all in manufacturing pursuits. In the matter of woolen mills Georgia has five, Kentucky eighteen, North Carolina thirteen, Tennessee twenty-five, and Virginia twenty-four, yet Texas, with largely more sheep than all combined, has only one.

"The hides, horns, and hoofs of all cattle slaughtered in our state, as well as our cotton, wool, timber, iron, clay, and other natural products can be converted into articles of manufacture by our own people and within our own borders, thereby enhancing the value of the raw material and creating a large and constant demand for the produce of field and garden. I cannot think that there is any country where the conditions for successful manufacturing enterprises are so inviting, and where they would

be as profitable and beneficial to all classes of society as in Texas. When we consider the present cost of sending the raw material to other states and countries for conversion into the finished product and of returning that product to ourselves for consumption, the drain upon our resources is frightful to contemplate—to say nothing of the loss to the state in the employment of its own citizens in manufacturing pursuits and to the farmer in the price of his farm and garden products."

CIVIL SERVICE!

Humboggery of the Miserable Mugwump Machine.

PLAIN STATEMENT OF FACTS.

[In a recent impression of The Cincinnati Commercial Tribune "One of the People" wrote as follows of the Civil Service business.—Ed. LEXER.]

A careful student of the times cannot but see that the American people are questioning whether Civil Service Reform, so called, is not a serious menace to our American form of government. It takes from the people the right to appoint and govern, builds up a favored class of life appointees to office, and in the end will make necessary a civil pension list second only to the war pension list, now so burdensome to the Government.

The Civil Service law was born of the idea of Mugwumpery, in that their self-conscious superiority over the common run of mankind, and their knowledge and integrity, so much greater than that of their fellow men, has been fully recognized, and they are called upon to protect the people from themselves.

Civil Service Reform is an insult to the capacity of the American people for self government. Who is a favored class of life appointees to office, and in the end will make necessary a civil pension list second only to the war pension list, now so burdensome to the Government. The Civil Service law was born of the idea of Mugwumpery, in that their self-conscious superiority over the common run of mankind, and their knowledge and integrity, so much greater than that of their fellow men, has been fully recognized, and they are called upon to protect the people from themselves. Civil Service Reform is an insult to the capacity of the American people for self government. Who is a favored class of life appointees to office, and in the end will make necessary a civil pension list second only to the war pension list, now so burdensome to the Government.

The government of our city, state and country are today as ably and honestly managed and compared favorably with the conduct of any private business, and more economically managed than hundreds of corporations. The people of this country have seen the past ten years. Give to the American people the full responsibility of the election of those who will have charge of the Government. The government of our city, state and country are today as ably and honestly managed and compared favorably with the conduct of any private business, and more economically managed than hundreds of corporations.

The people demand a free and open opportunity for any amendments that office may offer. Lifetime of office builds up a class repugnant to our republican idea of government. The government of our city, state and country are today as ably and honestly managed and compared favorably with the conduct of any private business, and more economically managed than hundreds of corporations. The people of this country have seen the past ten years. Give to the American people the full responsibility of the election of those who will have charge of the Government. The government of our city, state and country are today as ably and honestly managed and compared favorably with the conduct of any private business, and more economically managed than hundreds of corporations.

So called Civil Service Reform means the shifting of responsibility to the shoulders of others for the workmen under their care. Let the people hold strictly to the election of the best men, fully equal to fill their official duties they are elected to perform, and the importance of the elective franchise will be greater and the rights and privilege of all the people secured.

For Sale.

Eighty acres of land at Bernard, Ky., on the E. and N. R. road, 25 miles from Louisville, the best of the land in the county on the E. and N. R. road. Apply to MOUNTAIN CARE FISHBURNER BROS. & CO., Cincinnati, O. Dec. 1st 1901

HIGHEST RECORD

For Patent Applications in One Day in the Office History.

Expected Conference Between Secretary Alger and Nelson Postponed.

Will Advertise for Supplies to Be Carried By Kinlock Hotel, Registration—Secretary Alger Denies That He Has Tendered His Resignation.

* WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Three hundred and seventy-five applications for patents were received at the patent office Monday, the highest on record for any one day in the history of the office. The fact that the new law requiring persons who have made applications abroad for patents to file their applications in this country within seven months of the filing of the application for foreign patent, becomes operative on January 1 is accountable for the rush. Heretofore applications could be filed at any time within the life of a patent issued in foreign countries.

The expected conference between Secretary Alger and Mr. Nelson did not take place Tuesday afternoon. Secretary Alger overrated his strength and found that he was not sufficiently recovered from his illness to undertake the work of arranging details of the relief expeditions. The Canadian visitors are to remain in Washington for a few days, however, so that the conference is simply postponed for a short time.

Capt. Brainerd has been authorized to issue Wednesday the advertisements for the supplies that are to be carried on relief expeditions. They probably will appear in newspapers in Chicago, Seattle, Portland and San Francisco. The list of articles to be carried was arranged with the greatest care by the quartermaster's department after consultation with Surgeon General Sternberg, only the most vitally necessary food articles, which combine resistance to cold and decay with great nutritive value, being selected.

Secretary Gage was seen Tuesday on return from New York and questioned as to the truth of the published report that he had tendered his resignation to the president and that it had been firmly declined with many expressions of confidence and appreciation of his ability as shown in his administration of the treasury department. Mr. Gage was inclined to discuss the matter at length, but said that he had not tendered his resignation nor had he any reason to believe that he and the president were not in substantial accord on the great questions now before the country. The report, he said, had sprung from a rumor which he made to intimate friends to the effect that not for anything would he embarrass the president, and if he saw that he was doing this he would resign at once.

He added, "A cabinet officer ought always to be ready to surrender his office at the call of his chief, the executive, but I have not the slightest reason to believe that such action on my part is even remotely desired by the president. The desires of other people in that direction I am not disposed to consider."

* WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Assistant Secretary Vandenberg, when asked Tuesday concerning a report that Secretary Gage had tendered his resignation, and that President McKinley had refused to accept it, said: "There is nothing in it." The report in question gave Mr. Vandenberg authority for the assertion. Secretary Gage himself left New York Tuesday morning.

Sent Threatening Letters to Prominent Men
NEW YORK, Dec. 28.—J. W. Harris, a North Carolina Negro, was arraigned today in the chambers of Judge Thompson on charges of threatening letters to Wm. K. Vanderbilt, Charles Broadway Rouns, John W. Williams and other prominent men. The letters demanded money under threat of personal violence, and alleged that the writer was a member of a society formed to extort relief from millionaires at any price. As no one appeared to prosecute, Harris was committed to the workhouse as a vagrant.

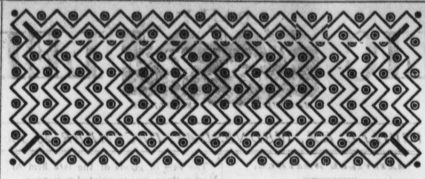
The Yukon Relief Expedition.
PORTLAND, Ore., Dec. 28.—The steamship George W. Elder sailed for Dyers and Skagway with 125 passengers and 600 tons of freight. Fifty horses and 600,000 feet of lumber were offered, but the Elder was unable to make room for them. Among the passengers was Maj. L. H. Rucker, Fourth United States Cavalry, who goes to Skagway and Dyers to make an investigation of the passes for the purpose of selecting the most feasible route for the government Yukon relief expedition.

Launching of the Battleship Kentucky.
LEXINGTON, Ky., Dec. 28.—Judge Tarrin has been notified that the launching of the battleship Kentucky will not take place until after February 1. Tarrin is one of the battleship commissioners of the state, and the Newport News Ship Building and Dry Dock Co. has notified that board that it will be impossible to complete the battleship for launching this month.

Signed the Uniformity Decree.
PITTSBURGH, Pa., Dec. 28.—Forty percent of the Pittsburgh district coal operators have signed a legal agreement binding them to uniformity, and expect to be operating under the new plan by January 1. The signers will meet on Thursday to ratify their signatures and get matters in shape for the new year.

Stevenson Attorney for the North American Trust Co.
NEW YORK, Dec. 28.—Adlai E. Stevenson, former vice president of the United States, has accepted the position of western counsel of the North American Trust Co. of this city, with a membership in the board of directors.

Declared a Draw.
NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 28.—Everhardt Daily contest was declared a draw at the end of the tenth round.



Keep Off the Grass!

Our people through this space have had time to become acquainted with the excellent business methods of Mr. John I. Winter and the success with which he generally meets when once he takes hold of an enterprise.

Be it said that no one man has done more than he to draw trade to Augusta, and before a twelvemonth his influence for good will be felt in this community. He is in close touch with modern methods; he does not believe any man can successfully conduct business who sits quietly and waits for trade to come to him; that custom belongs to the horsemill and the oxteam period. He realizes that this is the age of steam and electricity, of railways and telegraphs and telephones, and that the man who travels now must take the railway and not the stagecoach; that the business man must transmit his messages by telegraph or telephone and not by the tri-weekly mail-rider.

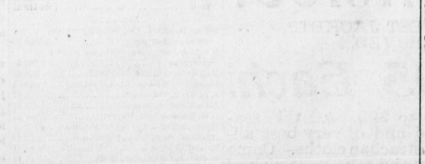
Knowing these things, Mr. Winter knows also that a sign over the front door is not the only thing necessary to locate a man's business house and to keep his name before the people. He follows the footsteps of thousands who have gone before and who have grown rich thereby, and makes liberal and proper use of Printer's Ink. He knows by experience that money invested in advertising returns an hundred fold; and that is why Mr. Winter has always kept himself busy while less enterprising competitors have lamented the dullness of trade.

It will be only a few days until Mr. Winter takes up his residence permanently in this city, and the citizens, especially those engaged in commercial pursuits, owe it to themselves to extend to him that fraternal greeting so necessary in successful business life.

We take pleasure in reproducing an article from The Farm Implement News of July 1st, 1897, touching upon the sale of Deering Harvesting Machines, for which for a number of years Mr. Winter has been Agent in Mason and Bracken counties:

HOW THEY DO IT IN KENTUCKY.

For general all-round Deering enthusiasm go to Augusta, Ky., the head center of the harvesting machine trade for Bracken and Mason counties of that state. In the center of the town you will find a handsome store building labeled "John I. Winter, Deering Harvesting Machines." Enter the building and you will meet a young man of pleasing personality whose face will light up with the most genuine enthusiasm on the mention of the one word "Deering." John I. Winter has sold over 500 Deering machines from that agency, and he makes it his special business to see to it that competition is completely barred out of the territory in which he sells Deering machines. On June 5th Mr. Winter had his annual delivery of Deering machines, accompanied with celebrations of more than ordinary interest, ending with a substantial picnic dinner served in a convenient grove. Each purchaser of a Deering machine was entitled to a seat, and there were 140 farmers seated, besides notables of the town and county, who were there to add the weight of their presence to that novel endorsement of Deering machines. Speeches were made after the dinner, and the local papers made much of the event, both because it meant much to their patrons and because it brought to town a larger crowd of people from outlying districts than any other event had done in the whole history of Augusta. This is only one of a large series of important deliveries made by the Deering Company in the last week or two.



Bargains

We are closing out our interest in the Furniture business in this city, as we have stated before, and desiring to close out our entire stock of Furniture by January 1st, 1898, we are offering bargains in

BEDROOM SUITS, PARLOR SUITS, SIDEBORDS, EXTENSION TABLES, CHAIRS, ETC.

That cannot be bought in this city or any other for the money we are offering them at. We also have the "Victor" Extension Table, the best and cheapest Table in the market today. Call and examine our stock. No trouble to show you what we have.

HENRY ORT

Fine Work. • Fair Prices.

Allen H. Edmonds, Printer,

10 E. Child St., Public Ledger Building

MILTON JOHNSON, Attorney at Law.

Court Street, • • • • • MAYSVILLE, KY.

• Prompt attention to collections and all legal matters.

JOHN W. PORTER. J. H. CUMMINGS.

PORTER & CUMMINGS, FUNERAL DIRECTORS,

17 East Second Street, MAYSVILLE, KY.

Dr. P. G. SMOOT, General Practitioner of Medicine, Special attention given diseases of EYE, EAR, NOSE, THROAT.

Office Hours—10 a. m. to 3 p. m. Office No. 30 West Third street. Telephone No. 51.

NEW FIRM. NEW GOODS.

Leonard & Lalley, Successors to E. A. Shanklin, DEALERS

Stoves, Grates, Mantels,

Tinware, Hine and White Granite Ware, Galvanized Tubs and Buckets,

and everything carried in a freight store, Agents for the celebrated John Van and Holzer Stoves and Ranges. Personal attention given to Tin Roofing, Gutters, Spouting and general Job Work. Tinsmith Building Market street.

State National Bank MAYSVILLE, KY.

CAPITAL STOCK, \$100,000
RESERVE, \$25,000

—DO A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS—

WILLIAM H. COX, President.

C. B. PRANCE, Cashier. J. E. KIRK, Vice-Pres.

1897. 1897.

T. H. N. SMITH, DENTIST.

Office, No. 130 W. Second St.—Dr. Rath's Old Stand.

Take Gas when having teeth extracted. We are the only Dentist that manufactures our own gas. No danger. Always fresh. Artificial teeth best in the city. Attention paid to the teeth of adults and children. Reports in the best toothwash known to the profession. Telephone 20. At residence, when my services are needed at night.



THE SECRET of why a gentleman should never marry a woman who has been married before is because his innate love of cleanliness is offended. Always fresh. Artificial teeth best in the city. Attention paid to the teeth of adults and children. Reports in the best toothwash known to the profession. Telephone 20. At residence, when my services are needed at night.

KETCHAM WILL.

Testimony Heard in Regard to Its Admission to Probate

On Demand of the Dead Man's Widow, Minnie Wallace Ketcham.

Butler Joe Kellar and the woman's cousin, Mrs. Sena Torrey, witnesses to the will, testified in a hearing before Judge Kohlsaat.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—Judge Kohlsaat Tuesday heard testimony in regard to the admission to probate of the will of the late John H. Ketcham and the demand of the dead man's widow, Mrs. Minnie Wallace Ketcham, that she be made sole executrix of the will. Mrs. Ketcham, dressed in deep mourning, was accompanied by Joe Kellar and her cousin, Mrs. Sena Torrey, both of whom were witnesses to the will. Mrs. K. B. Kepp and Clarence Brown, represented the contestants, the brothers and relatives of Mr. Ketcham. Mrs. Ketcham was represented by Attorney A. S. Trude.

Joe Kellar, the butler, was the first witness called. He testified to the circumstances surrounding the signing of the will. On the morning of November 1, he said Mrs. Wallace Ketcham called him into Mr. Ketcham's room. Mr. Ketcham, who was sick in bed, read the will to him and asked him to sign it as a witness. Kellar said that Ketcham's signature was affixed to the will before he himself had signed it. The butler said that he had known Mr. Ketcham for about two years, and that he was drunk most of the time. Kellar said that Mr. Ketcham's mind did not seem affected when he was drunk or sober.

Mrs. Torrey, also a witness to the will, then was placed on the stand and testified to the signing of the will. After the evidence of the two witnesses was in Attorney Trude, in behalf of Mrs. Ketcham, called an administrator ad litem to be appointed until the case was settled, and Judge Kohlsaat said he would continue the case, was then continued until next Monday.

BOB FITZSIMMONS

Will Defend His Right to the Championship of the World.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—Nathan Julian Monday on behalf of Robert Fitzsimmons made the following signed statement:

"Fitzsimmons will defend his right to the title of champion. Mrs. Fitzsimmons has released him from his promise of retirement."

Referring to the conditions on which Fitzsimmons will fight Corbett and Nathan Julian's statement was:

"These conditions are as follows: 'Let Corbett beat a man like Maher or Choyanaki and establish his right as a member of Bob's class.' Let me say his way up to a commanding position and come along with his challenge afterward. Let me say that I must fight a bit opponent at the middle weight limit and not at catch weight."

The statement concludes as follows:

"I am not going to allow Mr. Fitzsimmons to accept offers from inferior men. When the proper time comes Fitzsimmons will meet them all one after the other in the name ring if he needs be."

(Signed) MARTIN JULIAN.

"Manager of Bob Fitzsimmons, world's champion middle and heavyweight."

New York, Dec. 29.—The New York Times announced Tuesday that he had arranged to meet Al Smith in this city Wednesday, and that he will then post \$50,000 as a guarantee that he will fight any man named by Fitzsimmons. It is to meet Martin Julian's condition, announced in Chicago Tuesday, that Mr. McCoy has arranged Wednesday's conference. He is anxious, he says, to find out who Fitzsimmons wants him to fight.

Coloquies Between Russia and France.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—The Paris correspondent of the Morning Post says: Russia has long been endeavoring to raise a Chinese loan of \$50,000,000 in France to pay the indemnity and secure the Japanese evacuation of Wokan. The negotiations were broken off owing to France insisting that the Bank of France should issue the loan, and Russia declaring that the Russo-Chinese bank should take the lead. A certain coolness now exists between France and Russia.

Gutowsky's Famous Speech.

YUZZER, Dec. 29.—The New York Times Tagblatt claims that Count Gutowsky, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, foretold everything in the famous speech appealing to Europe to unite against America. It adds: "There is plenty of room for all, and England will fight with the European powers against those dangerous rivals, the United States and Japan, the proof of what united Europe is capable of will be given Eastern Asia."

Burgomaster Arrested.

VIENNA, Dec. 29.—The burgomaster of Werschowitz, a suburb of Prague, has been arrested in his possession were found many compromising papers concerning the recent riots in Prague. It is understood that he was in plotting the bomb under the German schoolhouse at Werschowitz, which Czechs attacked and attempted to demolish last Thursday when the police interfered and fired on the rioters.

Bulletin in Their Temples.

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 29.—Edmund Traver, a prominent and wealthy citizen, Myrtle Creaner, were taken to Emergency hospital late Tuesday afternoon, each with a bullet in the forehead. The doctor thinks the young man will die. Their stories differ, each accusing the other of doing the shooting after a quarrel.

Great Bowling Record.

HAVRELL, Mass., Dec. 29.—James West made the phenomenal score of 295 in a single string in bowling. This, it is thought, breaks all previous records. The record is vouched for.

LEAVING DAWSON.

It is Thought Hundreds of Persons Will Perish From Cold and Starvation on the Way Out.

DAWSON CITY, Yukon River, N. W. T., Nov. 31.—Via Port Townsend, Wash., Dec. 29.—Fully 500 men are leaving Dawson on the ice, loaded with winter trail on the Yukon to Juneau, on the Pacific coast.

Most of them are drawing their own sleds and starting short of provisions. A few of the more lucky have dog trails and sleds.

It is believed that fully 500 will perish of cold and starvation on the way out. They can not drag their heavy loads over the rough ice and deep snow inside of three months, and their provisions will barely last 40 days.

Many have no fur robes or moccasins, and must freeze.

Swift Water Bill and James Holter, who carried out my dispatches on September 24, are in trouble. Swift Water Hill has frozen his feet near Fort Reliance, the note from frontiersman, who carried my dispatches from here on October 14, is reported murdered near King Rapids on the Yukon river.

A HOT TIME.

Large Pipe Organ in a Chicago Hotel Destroyed by Fire.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—Fire late Tuesday afternoon destroyed a large pipe organ in the office of the Great Northern hotel, entailing a loss of \$20,000 on the managers of the hotel. Although the fire broke out early in the morning, it was not until 10 o'clock that the organ was destroyed. The organ was a masterpiece of the Searle & Horeth Co., of this city, was languishing its employees when the fire broke out and the organ was compelled to adjourn their banquet in a hurry. Later, when the fire broke out, the organ was found by a curious coincidence the last played by the organ before its destruction. The organ was a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight.

China is Alarmed.

PERIN, Dec. 29.—The German question is still unsettled. China's difficulty is increased, owing to the uncertainty of the attitude of the powers. Germany's withdrawal from Kiaochow is said to be conditional upon her being able to utterly overpower the Chinese. The Chinese are becoming alarmed at the present situation. The government of China, however, is not alarmed. The Chinese are becoming alarmed at the present situation. The government of China, however, is not alarmed.

The Application Denied.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 29.—Late Tuesday afternoon the application of the city of San Francisco for a writ of habeas corpus was denied by the court.

The Mandate Not Received.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Dec. 29.—Attorney Frank Taylor, when shown a dispatch from Washington that the mandate in the lottery cases had not been sent because no request had been made from Washington, said he would make an application for the mandate some time ago, but has heard nothing from Washington. The lottery men will continue to operate till the mandate arrives.

The Alaska Boundary Question.

OTTAWA, Ont., Dec. 29.—It is said in Ottawa that the meeting between the British and American authorities for finally determining the boundary of Alaska, which was held in this city last week, has been practically agreed upon, and the main point of dispute will be as to the strip of land between the coast and contiguous to British Columbia.

Wage Cut Restored.

BEAVER FALLS, Pa., Dec. 29.—The employees of the Beaver Falls steel works, at this place, have announced to their employers that the wage cut of 1914, of 10 per cent, had been restored to them, making an advance of 14 per cent on their present wages, to date from Christmas day.

Preparing for a Long Fight.

KITTING, Pa., Dec. 29.—President John Wick Tuesday refused to restore to the employees of the Wick China Co. the 12 1/2 per cent and Tuesday evening the famous speech appealing to Europe to unite against America. It adds: "There is plenty of room for all, and England will fight with the European powers against those dangerous rivals, the United States and Japan, the proof of what united Europe is capable of will be given Eastern Asia."

Returned to Jail of His Own Will.

WHEELING, W. Va., Dec. 29.—Irving Rigg, the convicted murderer who broke jail at Fayetteville, Pa., Tuesday, returned to his cell of his own will, announcing that he merely wanted to escape from the situation and had no idea of leaving permanently.

Toy Dealer Arrested.

NEW YORK, Dec. 29.—Herman Finkelstein, dealer in toys, novelties and fancy goods, at this city, was arrested Tuesday, charged with selling a toy gun, valued at \$50,000.

St. Francis, Que., Dec. 29.—Antoine Goyette, 35, was run over and instantly killed at Richmond, by a train whose engineer was Goyette's son.

Another Young Count.

PARIS, Dec. 29.—The Paris press says that the young Count de la Roche-Guyon, Monday gave birth to a boy, her second son.

GEN AGUIRRENO

Reported to Have Captured an Insurgent Camp.

Spanish Troops on the Way to Re-leave the Garrison of Santa Cruz.

Reported That the Son of Gen Garcia Died From Wounds Received in Battle—A Special Dispatch from Spanish Sources.

HAYANA, Dec. 29.—According to announcements from Spanish sources the combined operations undertaken by Gen. Aguirre, in the province of Santa Clara, have resulted in the capture of an insurgent camp, 30 of the enemy killed and three captured. The Spanish loss was two men killed and seven wounded. It is further reported that the Spanish troops have been engaged with the insurgents commanded by Sagrado. In this case the insurgents are said to have lost several men killed and the Spaniards say that after the engagement an insurgent captain and seven armed privates surrendered.

Advices from Manzanillo say that Spanish troops have left there to relieve the garrison of Santa Cruz, which is threatened by the insurgents.

A report current here that the son of General Garcia died from wounds received during the capture of an insurgent camp.

Published in the Official Gazette published a decree establishing an autonomous government and administration for the island of Cuba from January 1.

The insurgents have dynamited a railroad bridge at San Rafael, between Minas and Campo Florida, this province.

Congressman Wm. H. King has gone to Matanzas, Sagua La Grande and other cities, the latest news from the insurgents has been that they have dynamited a railroad bridge at San Rafael, between Minas and Campo Florida, this province.

The Spanish minister has received a dispatch from Havana stating that the autonomists of the island of Cuba have been inaugurated amid great enthusiasm, the people receiving them with shouts of "Long Live Spain!"

The dispatch adds that the patriotic spirit shown at these demonstrations gives assurance of the speedy realization of the good effects of an autonomous form of government in Cuba.

The autonomists mayors in these two cities are among the first to be named, each having succeeded in securing a ruler under the martial system hitherto in force.

The Citizens' Coal Co.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Dec. 29.—The meeting of Pittsburgh and Cincinnati river coal operators to form the Citizens Coal Co., which began here Monday, is still in session. After the noon meeting it was stated that the details had not yet been arranged, but that the proceedings were largely without incident. The organization would probably be completed in the first of the year. The company will have a capital of \$5,000,000.

Woman Burned to Death.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 29.—Mrs. Lizzie Kiet, aged 38, was burned to death in her home in this city. She was sitting by a table reading when the lamp exploded covering her with burning oil. Her daughter rushed to her rescue, but within five minutes the poor woman was burned to a crisp and dead. The daughter was badly burned about the face and hands in trying to put out the flames.

Husband and Wife Cremated.

SCOTTDALE, Pa., Dec. 29.—The farm house of Jacob Steyer, in Salt Lake City, Utah, was destroyed by fire Monday night and Jacob Steyer and his wife cremated. Their son Jacob narrowly escaped and fled to his home in Salt Lake City. The house was a two-story building and was burned to the ground. The cause of the fire is not known.

A Murderer Captured.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 29.—A crowd of men and boys chased a Negro murder through the business section of Kansas City Tuesday, forcing him to cover in a pile of dry goods boxes. The Negro, James Reed, fired four bullets into the body of his mistress, Susan, who was shot to death. He was captured by a patrolman and is now in the city jail.

The Proposal Coldly Received.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—The constant note correspondent of the Times says that at last meeting of the Times ambassadors of the powers the Russian representative created surprise by proposing Prince George of Greece as governor of Crete. The proposal was coldly received.

Secretary Grace Inspects a New Revenue Cutter.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 29.—Secretary Grace of the treasury department, came over from Washington Tuesday, all inspecting the new revenue cutter McCulloch, which is soon to depart for the Pacific coast by the way of the Suva canal.

A Friend's Friend.

SANTA ROSA, Cal., Dec. 29.—Samuel Bell, an intimate friend of Abe Lincoln, is dead at the age of 80 years. He had been a lawyer, a miner and a college professor. He established the University of California.

Death of Eunice.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 29.—Eunice, the last surviving son of Lexington, the celebrated race horse, died suddenly last night at his home in St. Louis. He had been a member of the legislature and the rupture of a blood vessel. He was 21 years old.

Six Months in the Penitentiary.

NEW YORK, Dec. 29.—Edward J. Rattelle, the actor who was found guilty of assault in the third degree for striking his wife, Mrs. Rattelle, was sentenced to six months in the penitentiary.

Mrs. Booth Much Better.

NEW YORK, Dec. 29.—At the Presbyterian church, New York, it was stated that Mrs. William Booth, who had been ill for some time, was much better.

CONDENSED NEWS

(Inherited From All Parts of the World by Telegram.)

The steamship St. Paul sailing for Europe Wednesday will take out 1,011,000 pounds of silver.

Henry Barmore, founder of the firm of Barmore & Co., piano manufacturers of New York, died Tuesday, aged 78 years.

Very Rev. Wm. Corby, of Notre Dame, head of the order of the Holy Cross in America, died at South Bend, Ind., Tuesday afternoon.

Veins of glaucite in sufficient size to warrant development were reported to have been discovered on Willow creek, in Middle Park, Colorado.

The National Zeitung Tuesday declared that the negotiations with the United States have been broken off, adding that they have just commenced and will continue.

Sig. Prusani, Italian minister of finance, in a report to the chamber, has recommended the establishment of a bank in New York to be under the direct supervision of the Italian government.

British steamer Scions, which arrived at Liverpool December 28, from Galveston, November 28, entered port with a fire burning in hold No. 3, which contained 2,000 bales of cotton, not yet extinguished.

At Berlin, all the members of the staff of the United States embassy attended the celebration Tuesday of a requiem mass for the repose of the soul of the late Princess Hohenlohe, who died at the German court.

Fred E. Finster and Wm. F. Muir, deputy collector and inspector at Port Huron, Mich., were Tuesday removed from their posts for violations of the civil service rules in soliciting campaign contributions.

A special dispatch from Shanghai says the British fleet has anchored at Port Hamilton. The dispatch further says that a report is current at Chefoo that the effect that the Japanese fleet has also arrived at Port Hamilton.

The artists' festival, which was to have taken place at the Art Institute, Madrid, Spain, Chicago, under the auspices of the Central Art association, has been postponed until the first week in May, at the close of the fourth annual congress.

The dispatch from Stockholm, Eng., announces the death of Alderman Ephraim Hallam. Mr. Hallam was mayor of Stockholm at the breaking out of the civil war in the United States and did much to organize public relief funds.

A special dispatch of the edge tool manufacturers in the United States have consolidated their interests and have arranged for the erection of a new plant at Chicago, about 10 miles south of Pittsburgh, Pa., on the Monongahela river.

There is a project on foot to start-sea-steamer line from Halifax for the Klondike next spring, the first leaving in March or perhaps earlier. Captain Macdonald, of the Halifax, is now in England for the purpose of securing suitable steamers.

The American ship Alexander Gibson, Capt. C. C. Gibson, from New York, July 30 for Yokohama, has arrived at Sydney, N. S. W., with her rugged deck and hull, and is now in the harbor. She reports having jettisoned a portion of her cargo.

At Syracuse, N. Y., Leroy Yakley, of the New York Times, Tuesday reported standing broad jump record weights in a Y. M. C. A. contest held in this city. He jumped 5 feet 10 inches, beating the record held by A. G. Schwaner, of 10 feet 9 1/2 inches.

The Atlas line steamer Eagle, which arrived in New York Tuesday from Central American ports, reports the arrival at Greytown, Nicaragua, on December 17, of the gunboat Newport, which the Nicaraguan canal survey party on board all well. A large force of laborers from Port Limon had been ordered to Greytown to aid in the work of the survey.

Costly Snowfall.

NEW YORK, Dec. 29.—Two inches of snow fell Sunday, and it cost the city \$300,000. The snow was a heavy one and it cost the city \$300,000. The snow was a heavy one and it cost the city \$300,000.

Forecast for Wednesday.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Tennessee and Kentucky—Partly cloudy weather; warmer; southerly winds. Indiana and Illinois—Threatening weather; southerly winds.

THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 29.

FLOUR—Spring flax, \$4.00; winter flax, \$4.00; spring flax, \$4.00; winter flax, \$4.00.

CORN—Shells: Mixed corn, 30c; No. 2, 30c; No. 3, 29c; No. 4, 28c; No. 5, 27c; No. 6, 26c; No. 7, 25c; No. 8, 24c; No. 9, 23c; No. 10, 22c; No. 11, 21c; No. 12, 20c; No. 13, 19c; No. 14, 18c; No. 15, 17c; No. 16, 16c; No. 17, 15c; No. 18, 14c; No. 19, 13c; No. 20, 12c; No. 21, 11c; No. 22, 10c; No. 23, 9c; No. 24, 8c; No. 25, 7c; No. 26, 6c; No. 27, 5c; No. 28, 4c; No. 29, 3c; No. 30, 2c; No. 31, 1c; No. 32, 0c; No. 33, 0c; No. 34, 0c; No. 35, 0c; No. 36, 0c; No. 37, 0c; No. 38, 0c; No. 39, 0c; No. 40, 0c; No. 41, 0c; No. 42, 0c; No. 43, 0c; No. 44, 0c; No. 45, 0c; No. 46, 0c; No. 47, 0c; No. 48, 0c; No. 49, 0c; No. 50, 0c; No. 51, 0c; No. 52, 0c; No. 53, 0c; No. 54, 0c; No. 55, 0c; No. 56, 0c; No. 57, 0c; No. 58, 0c; No. 59, 0c; No. 60, 0c; No. 61, 0c; No. 62, 0c; No. 63, 0c; No. 64, 0c; No. 65, 0c; No. 66, 0c; No. 67, 0c; No. 68, 0c; No. 69, 0c; No. 70, 0c; No. 71, 0c; No. 72, 0c; No. 73, 0c; No. 74, 0c; No. 75, 0c; No. 76, 0c; No. 77, 0c; No. 78, 0c; No. 79, 0c; No. 80, 0c; No. 81, 0c; No. 82, 0c; No. 83, 0c; No. 84, 0c; No. 85, 0c; No. 86, 0c; No. 87, 0c; No. 88, 0c; No. 89, 0c; No. 90, 0c; No. 91, 0c; No. 92, 0c; No. 93, 0c; No. 94, 0c; No. 95, 0c; No. 96, 0c; No. 97, 0c; No. 98, 0c; No. 99, 0c; No. 100, 0c; No. 101, 0c; No. 102, 0c; No. 103, 0c; No. 104, 0c; No. 105, 0c; No. 106, 0c; No. 107, 0c; No. 108, 0c; No. 109, 0c; No. 110, 0c; No. 111, 0c; No. 112, 0c; No. 113, 0c; No. 114, 0c; No. 115, 0c; No. 116, 0c; No. 117, 0c; No. 118, 0c; No. 119, 0c; No. 120, 0c; No. 121, 0c; No. 122, 0c; No. 123, 0c; No. 124, 0c; No. 125, 0c; No. 126, 0c; No. 127, 0c; No. 128, 0c; No. 129, 0c; No. 130, 0c; No. 131, 0c; No. 132, 0c; No. 133, 0c; No. 134, 0c; No. 135, 0c; No. 136, 0c; No. 137, 0c; No. 138, 0c; No. 139, 0c; No. 140, 0c; No. 141, 0c; No. 142, 0c; No. 143, 0c; No. 144, 0c; No. 145, 0c; No. 146, 0c; No. 147, 0c; No. 148, 0c; No. 149, 0c; No. 150, 0c; No. 151, 0c; No. 152, 0c; No. 153, 0c; No. 154, 0c; No. 155, 0c; No. 156, 0c; No. 157, 0c; No. 158, 0c; No. 159, 0c; No. 160, 0c; 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No. 315, 0c; No. 316, 0c; No. 317, 0c; No. 318, 0c; No. 319, 0c; No. 320, 0c; No. 321, 0c; No. 322, 0c; No. 323, 0c; No. 324, 0c; No. 325, 0c; No. 326, 0c; No. 327, 0c; No. 328, 0c; No. 329, 0c; No. 330, 0c; No. 331, 0c; No. 332, 0c; No. 333, 0c; No. 334, 0c; No. 335, 0c; No. 336, 0c; No. 337, 0c; No. 338, 0c; No. 339, 0c; No. 340, 0c; No. 341, 0c; No. 342, 0c; No. 343, 0c; No. 344, 0c; No. 345, 0c; No. 346, 0c; No. 347, 0c; No. 348, 0c; No. 349, 0c; No. 350, 0c; No. 351, 0c; No. 352, 0c; No. 353, 0c; No. 354, 0c; No. 355, 0c; No. 356, 0c; No. 357, 0c; No. 358, 0c; No. 359, 0c; No. 360, 0c; No. 361, 0c; No. 362, 0c; No. 363, 0c; No. 364, 0c; No. 365, 0c; No. 366, 0c; No. 367, 0c; No. 368, 0c; No. 369, 0c; No. 370, 0c; No. 371, 0c; No. 372, 0c; No. 373, 0c; No. 374, 0c; No. 375, 0c; No. 376, 0c; No. 377, 0c; No. 378, 0c; No. 379, 0c; No. 380, 0c; No. 381, 0c; No. 382, 0c; No. 383, 0c; No. 384, 0c; No. 385, 0c; No. 386, 0c; No. 387, 0c; No. 388, 0c; No. 389, 0c; No. 390, 0c; No

